

## Solving One-Variable Linear Inequalities

Solve the following inequal	ity.

$$x + 11 > 24$$

$$x-5 < 2$$



A. >1

 $\mathsf{B.}\,<-3\qquad\qquad \mathsf{C.}\,>-3\qquad\qquad \mathsf{D.}\,<3$ 

$$4 -5x + 18 \ge 3$$
, then  $x$  \_\_\_\_\_.

 $\mbox{A.} \leq -10 \qquad \qquad \mbox{B.} \geq -10 \qquad \qquad \mbox{C.} \geq 3 \qquad \qquad \mbox{D.} \leq 3$ 

Solve the inequality and graph the solution on the number line.



x \_\_\_\_\_



6 Solve the inequality and graph the solution on the number line.

$$-3x > 6$$

 $x_{\_\_\_}$ 



7 Solve the following inequality.

$$-13x + 38 > -27$$

8 Solve the following inequality.

$$2(3x+2)+1 \ge -13$$

9		
	Of the numbers 2, 3, 4, and 5, which of the following satisfies the inequality $3x - 1 < 11$ ?	

- A. only **2**
- B. **2**, **3**, and **4**
- C. only 5
- D. 2 and 3

10 The smallest real number x which satisfies the inequality  $-2004x-2004 \leq 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from 2004 Math Kangaroo Problems, Level 11-12, Question #2)

- A. -1
- B. **2004**
- C. 0
- D. 2
- E. 1

## Solving One-Variable Linear Inequalities

1 Solve the following inequality.

$$x + 11 > 24$$

*x* \_\_\_\_\_

Answer > 13

Solution  $egin{array}{c} x+11>24 \ x>24-11 \ x>13 \end{array}$ 

2 Solve the following inequality.

x-5 < 2

x \_\_\_\_\_

Answer < 7

Solution x-5 < 2 x < 2+5 x < 7

3 7x - 5 < 16, then x \_\_\_\_\_.

A. > 1

B. < -3

 $C_{\cdot\cdot} > -3$ 

D. < 3

Answer D

Solution  $7x-5 < 16 \ 7x < 16+5 \ 7x < 21$ 

x < 3

The answer is D.

 $-5x+18 \geq 3$ , then x \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 $\mbox{A.} \leq -10 \qquad \qquad \mbox{B.} \geq -10$ 

C. ≥ 3

D.  $\leq 3$ 

Answer D

$$-5x + 18 \ge 3$$
  
 $-5x \ge 3 - 18$   
 $-5x \ge -15$   
 $x \le 3$ 

The answer is D.

Solve the inequality and graph the solution on the number line.

$$x-1 \geq -2$$

x \_\_\_\_



Answer  $x \ge -1$ 

$$x > -1$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 x - 1 \ge -2 \\
 x - 1 + 1 \ge -2 + 1 \\
 x \ge -1
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 -3 -2 -1 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3
 \end{array}$$

6 Solve the inequality and graph the solution on the number line.

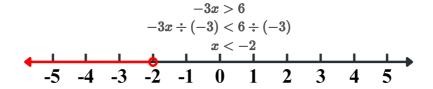
$$-3x > 6$$



## -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5

Answer x < -2

## Solution



Solve the following inequality.

$$-13x + 38 > -27$$

*x* \_\_\_\_\_

Answer < 5

Solution 
$$-13x + 38 > -27 \ -13x > -27 - 38 \ -13x > -65 \ x < 5$$

8 Solve the following inequality.

$$2(3x+2)+1 \ge -13$$

x \_\_\_\_

Answer  $\geq -3$ 

Solution 
$$2(3x+2)+1\geq -13 \ 6x+5\geq -13 \ 6x\geq -18 \ x\geq -3$$

- Of the numbers 2, 3, 4, and 5, which of the following satisfies the inequality 3x 1 < 11?
  - A. only 2
- B. 2, 3, and 4
- C. only 5
- D. 2 and 3



Answer D

Solution

$$3x - 1 < 11$$

$$3x < 11+1$$

Among four numbers, only 2 and 3 are smaller than 4.

The answer is D.

 $\overline{10}$  The smallest real number x which satisfies the inequality  $-2004x-2004 \leq 0$  is  $\_\_\_$  .

(Adapted from 2004 Math Kangaroo Problems, Level 11-12, Question #2)

Answer /

Solutior

$$-2004x - 2004 \le 0$$
$$-2004x \le 2004$$

$$x \ge -1$$

So, the smallest value for x is -1.

The answer is A.